# OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

# The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

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REWARDS and *Punishments* are the two Pillars of Government, but the Neceſſity of applying either, ſhews the Depravity of human Nature.——It diſcovers an equal Fall from Virtue when we venture to do Good for the hope of Reward, as when we ceaſe to do Ill thro' fear of Puniſhment.——The *Chineſe*, *Arabians*, and the moſt ſenſible of the *Eaſtern* Nations, tho' they had as juſt Notions of Liberty as any People in the World, yet were very delicate with Regard to the Application of ſhocking Terms when talking of *higher Powers*.——Thus, in the Cheſs, which is an *Eaſtern* Game, the King is never taken and hurried off the Board like his Subjects, but beſet in ſuch a Manner, by the *Party in the Oppoſition*, as that he can't ſhuffle about, nor ſtir one ſtep; and the Players are ſo decent when this (which is the only Period can be put to the Game) happens, that their Expreſſion for implying the Game is won, is CHACE MATE, that is, being interpreted, *Look to the King*.

It muſt be own'd our *Engliſh* Anceſtors had very little of this Delicacy amongſt them: They always chooſe to ſpeak out; and the Securities they demanded for their Liberty and Independency, were conceiv'd in ſuch *plain-ſpeaking* Terms, that it was impoſſible for the moſt affected Ignorance, or inſenſible Stupidity to miſtake their Meaning.——Thus, in the *Magna Charta* of King *John*, the Barons are expreſly authoriz'd, in Caſe the King *ſhall not redreſs the Grievance of his People, to diſtreſs him by all Methods they can, by taking his Caſtles, Effects, Poſſeſſions*, &c.——Tho' this was treating Sovereignty with a very high Hand, yet it was acting very honeſtly both by the Crown and People.——The one knew its *Puniſhment*, the other, their *Redreſs*.

Such plain Language is abſolutely neceſſary amongſt all People, who, like the OLD *Engliſh*, were too open, too honeſt themſelves, to believe that the MEANING is not according to the LETTER.—— Had only an *Act of Limitations* paſs'd, at the Time when the GREAT CHARTER was wreſted from the Crown, with no Penalty affix'd upon the King himſelf, if he tranſgreſs'd the Terms of his Deed; had it been conceiv'd in ſuch cautious Terms that the Obſervation of it upon the Part of the Crown, was rather *imply'd* than *ſignify'd*; I ſay, had this been the Caſe, the People would have gain'd nothing, but a melancholy Conviction of the Neceſſity of binding down the Crown by more expreſs Terms, if ever Fortune ſhould again put it into their Power.——It is true, the People of *England*, under King *John*, had receiv'd many groſs Provocations. They had furniſh'd him with Money for carrying on foreign Wars with the King of *France*, and other Princes upon the Continent, in which they had no Manner of Concern or Intereſt; and they found themſelves ſo exhauſted by thoſe Supplies that they ſtopt juſt at the critical Inſtant; when one farther Step of Compliance muſt have ſo weaken'd them, that they never could have had the Chance of another Struggle: At the ſame Time, he had endeavoured to deſtroy the Independency of the Kingdom itſelf by making it a Money Province; not indeed to a *ſneaking Diviſion* of a *poor, begging Circle*, but to the See of *Rome*, at that Time the Miſtreſs of the Empire, and the Arbiter of Princes. But this Slavery, ſplendid as it was, was unſupportable to *Engliſh* Minds; what muſt it have been, had they been reduc'd to the diſmal Neceſſity of crouching, like the Type of *Iſſachar*, under their Burthen, and been goaded on in the dirty, uncomfortable Road by the loweſt of Tools, and the vileſt of Apoſtates? Our Forefathers, however, had ſuch lively Sentiments of Freedom, that, tho' the Supplies, which they were to pay the King, did not amount to the twentieth Part of what has been ſince paid in one Year to more ignoble Purpoſes, they thought their Miſery could ſcarcely admit of any Addition. Their Expreſſions, as ſet down by an Hiſtorian, who had Opportunities of being Eye and Ear Witneſs of all that paſt, are remarkable. * *They curs'd*, ſays Matthew Paris, *the King's Shifts, his change of Sides, and his Inſincerity; and ſaid, in the Bitterneſs of Heart, Woe unto thee, O John, the moſt pitiful of all Kings, thou Diſgrace to* Engliſh *Princes; thou Confounder of* Engliſh *Nobility: Oh!* England, *plunder'd, and doom'd to be plunder'd; hitherto the Queen of Nations, but thou art now render'd a Money Province; thou art cruſh'd, thou art trodden under Feet, not ſo much by the Chance of War, by Sword, or by Famine, as by the inſolent Sway of vile Slaves and Foreigners.——O King, from being an independent Power, thou art render'd a Subſidiary Prince; thou art a Tenant, a Vaſſal in Bondage, and haſt bound this nobleſt of all Countries in Shreds of eternal Infamy.*

Such were the Exclamations of the *Engliſh* upon the Proſpect of Dependency, and ſuch was their Deſpair, that rather than cloſe with the infamous Views of the Court, they threw themſelves into the Arms of *France*; adopting, ſays the Hiſtorian, the Saying of the Poet,——*Fortuna miſerrima tuta.*

One of the Antients, *Seneca* I think, ſays, that there is no Object which Heaven looks upon with ſo much Pleaſure, as a brave Man ſtruggling againſt the Storms of Fate. From the ſame Principle we may conclude there is no Object it can behold with ſo much Deteſtation, Averſion, and Contempt, as a People giving up the Charter of their Independency, tamely reſigning that Importance as a Nation, that Influence as a Power, which their Forefathers acquir'd at the Expence of every Thing elſe which can be dear to Mortals.——A Lion ridden, whipt, or goaded by a Monkey, does not make half ſo ridiculous a Figure, as a great, powerful, brave People, tax'd, fleec'd, and oppreſs'd, for Purpoſes foreign to their Intereſts, bleeding by the loweſt Slaves amongſt themſelves, and ſtooping to ſerve the moſt abject of all Slaves amongſt Foreigners.

Of all Cauſes which concur to the breaking a People's Independency, none contribute ſo much as foreign Wars, unneceſſarily undertaken, expenſively maintain'd, and ingloriouſly proſecuted. One of the Services of Power to a Nation, is Reputation. As a Man of known Courage has the feweſt Quarrels upon his Hand; ſo a People who preſerve their Reputation will ever be the leaſt liable to Inſults; but when that is once gone, every petty State will diſpute their Will, and thwart their Meaſures; as, in common Life, every Coxcomb makes free with a Coward.——But Reputation alone is not ſufficient to ſupport national Independency; a People muſt be poſſeſs'd of the Means, as well as Spirit to aſſert it.——How hard then is the Fate of that People who are deſtitute of both? Whoſe Reputation in the Field has been ruin'd by a Cloſet-ridden General, and in the Cloſet by a Wind-Mill-fighting Miniſter. Where the Word given by the latter is a Law to the former, and from him paſſes to the brave Officer and Soldier who muſt ſubmit to Inſults from deſpicable Enemies, and more deſpicable Friends; whilſt the Honour of their Country becomes a Proverb and a laughing Stock amongſt Nations; and themſelves rendered unhappy Inſtruments, nay, efficient Cauſes of her Loſs and Infamy?

I remember to have read of a Puniſhment amongſt the *Germans*, where the Criminal was laſh'd round and round a Poſt, to which one End of his Inteſtines was ty'd, till the Poſt was quite wound round with his Entrails, and then the Delinquent expir'd.——I cannot conſider the State of a People who are oblig'd to furniſh the immoderate Expences of an unneceſſary, foreign War in another Light than that of ſuch a Puniſhment.——They are laſh'd round and round the Pillar by an over-bearing M——r, who exerciſes the Whip till they have ſpun out all their Bowels, and then they fall down the Objects of Pity in ſome, but of Contempt in all.

That this might, ſome time or other, be the Caſe of Old *England*, that ſhe might be bound to ſuch a Miniſterial Stake, ſeems to have been dreaded (I hope not foreſeen) by the Framers of the Act of Settlement. They were ſenſible of the unhappy Prejudices which ſome future Prince, of leſs Virtue than any the Nation has yet known, might entertain in Favour of his Family Poſſeſſions. They provided, therefore, a Barrier againſt thoſe Prejudices, but with ſo much Decency that no Penalty was annex'd; and ſo juſtly convinc'd were future Parliaments of his late and preſent Majeſty's Royal Virtues, that ſeveral important Articles of that Act have been ſet aſide. One Clauſe, however, ſtands ſtill unrepealed, which is,

" That in Caſe the Crown and Imperial Dignity
" of this Realm ſhall hereafter come to any Per-
" ſon, not being a Native of this Kingdom of *Eng-*
" *land*, this Nation be not obliged to engage in any
" War for the Defence of any Dominions, or
" Territories which do not belong to the Crown of
" *England*, without the Conſent of Parliament."

This is a Clauſe ſo neceſſary to be remembred by every brave *Engliſhman*, that I cannot conclude this Paper better than by exhorting my Readers, eſpecially thoſe who are entruſted with the Guardianſhip of the National Rights, at the approaching ſolemn Seaſon; I mean the S——n of P——t, the moſt uncomfortable, for the Buſineſs it has to tranſact, of any that *E g——d* has ſeen theſe two hundred Years, to look upon this Clauſe, as the Children of *Iſrael* were inſtructed to look upon the Law of *Moſes*. " Thou ſhalt teach it diligently
" unto thy Children, and ſhalt talk of it when
" thou ſitteſt in THE Houſe, and when thou walk-
" eſt by the Way, and when thou lieſt down,
" and when thou riſeſt up. And thou ſhalt bind
" it for a Sign upon thine Hand, and it ſhall be

* Maledicentes Regis venſutiam, tergiverſationes & infidelitatem, & dicantes ſuſpiria geminando. Vah tibi *Johannes* Regum ultime, *Anglorum* principum abominatio, Nobilitates *Anglicanæ* confuſio! Heu *Anglia* jam vaſtata, & ampius vaſtanda! heu *Anglia, Anglia!* Omnibus bonis hactenus princeps provinciarum, facta es ſub tributo; non tantum flammæ, fami & ferro, ſed ſervorum ignobilium & advenarum imperio ſubjecta & Subpeditata——Factus de Rege liberrimo, tributarius, firmarius & vaſallus Servitatis, terrarum Nobiliſſimam Chirographo Servitatis æternæ Obligatſi. *Mat. Paris. Ed. Wauſſii. P.* 193.

" as Frontlets between thine Eyes; and thou ſhalt
" write them upon the Poſts of thy Houſe, and
" on thy Gates.

JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM.

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## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

### GERMANY.

*Spire, Nov.* 10. The following are the Articles of Capitulation of the Town of Fribourg. Firſt, That on the 7th, before Noon, the Beſieged ſhould deliver to the Troops of the King one of the Gates of the Town. Secondly, That the Garriſon ſhould entirely withdraw into the Caſtles. Thirdly, That the King's Troops ſhould afterwards enter into the Place. Fourthly, That all the Artillery, as well as the Ammunition and Proviſions, which ſhould be found therein, ſhould remain there. Fifthly, That Care ſhould be taken of all the Sick and Wounded, but that theſe ſhould be deemed Priſoners of War. Sixthly, That a Term ſhould be granted to the Commanders of the Caſtles, who were not immediately under the Direction of General Damintz, of fifteen Days, to ſend an Officer to Vienna to receive the Orders of the Queen of Hungary. And, Seventhly, That there ſhould be, during the Space of theſe fifteen Days, a Suſpenſion of Arms, after the Expiration of which Term Hoſtilities might begin again on each Side, upon giving Notice thereof.

*Vienna, November* 4. Major General Count de Straſoldo arrived here a few Days ago from Bohemia, but we do not know the Subject of his Journey. Yeſterday being the Name-Day of Prince Charles of Lorrain, it was obſerved with great Solemnity. All the Letters from Bohemia agree, that the Pruſſians are ſtill retiring; that they have repaſſed the Elbe; and that there is the utmoſt Probability his Pruſſian Majeſty will abandon all the Conqueſts he has made in Bohemia, Prague excepted. The Court was exceedingly alarm'd at the News lately receiv'd from Bruſſels, of her Serene Highneſs, the Archducheſs, being in ſo weak a State; and Orders were immediately given for Dr. Engel, her Majeſty's Phyſician, to ſet out immediately for Bruſſels, in order to aſſiſt her Highneſs with his Advice, upon this Occaſion. This Moment an Officer is arrived with a Courier from the Army in Bohemia, who have brought with them 20 Colours, taken from the Pruſſians when the Garriſons of Budweis, Tabor, and Frawenbourg, ſurrendered Priſoners of War.

### DENMARK.

*Elſineur, Nov.* 10, *N. S.* The Dover Man of War that receiv'd Damages in her Paſſage hither, was not Yeſterday got to Copenhagen; her Arrival there, and how long it will be before ſhe can be refitted, is uncertain. The Jamaica Sloop is not yet heard of; but we hear a great many Ships, conſiſting of Sweeds, Engliſh, and Hollanders, were loſt in the Cattegut, on the Swediſh Coaſt, in the Storm we had laſt Sunday eight Days.

*Extract of a Letter from a Pruſſian Officer, dated from the Camp near Piſckeli, Oct.* 28, *N. S.*

During our Stay in the Camp of Konopitſcht we had Advice, that the Auſtrians, to the Number of 1500 Grenadiers, ſuſtained by 600 Huſſars and a Body of Troops come from Moravia, had attacked on the 19th Inſtant, the Town of Parduwitz, where there was a Pruſſian Batallion, commanded by Col. Zimmernow. The Attack laſted but a few Hours: The Enemy, in Spite of all their Efforts, were obliged to retire with the Loſs of 40 Men killed, a great Number wounded, and an Officer and 40 Soldiers taken Priſoners. Col. Zimmer now received a Wound in his Head, and had his Arm broke.

The King being informed the 23d Inſtant, that the Enemy were encamp'd at Marſchowitz, he went with ſome of his Generals to reconnoitre their Poſition. In the Afternoon our Army marched in eight Columns, and drew ſo near the Enemy, that our Right Wing was but a ſhort Quarter of a League from the Auſtrian Army: We paſſed the Night between the 24th and 25th under Arms, and early in the Morning the King, at the Head of four Battalions of Grenadiers, ſuſtained by Zilten's and Naelzmer's Regiments of Huſſars, approached the Enemy's Left Wing, and took Poſt on a Hill, near that which they occupied. So that nothing happened but ſome Skirmiſhes between our Huſſars and thoſe of the Enemy.

About 9 o'Clock we perceived the Enemy filing off towards their Left; upon which our Right made a Motion, in order to attack them in the Flank, if poſſible; but being come near Neveklau, we found between them and us Ponds and Marſhes, which hindered our Cavalry coming up with them. So that deſpairing of joining Battle, we reſolved to return to the Camp, from whence his Majeſty detached General Naſſau with a few Regiments toward Cammersbourg.

The 26th we reſumed our March, and encamped at Piſcheli, where his Majeſty received News from M. Naſſau at his Arrival. When this General came up to Cammersbourg, he found there a Body of about 10,000 Auſtrians, conſiſting of 4000 Regular Troops, and the reſt Pandours and Huſſars, headed by Prince Eſterhaſi, which Corps were intrenched in their Camp. General Naſſau having reſolved to attack them, he ſent his Infantry thro' the Defiles that lay between him and the Enemy, and poſted his Cavalry ſo as to ſuſtain his Battalions. The Auſtrians, however did not ſtir a foot; ſo that General Naſſau brought up the Artillery; at the ſight of which they abandoned Cammersbourg, of which M. de Naſſau took Poſſeſſion immediately, as he did likewiſe of the Poſt of Sazawa, which is of no ſmall Importance.

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### SOUTH CAROLINA.

*Charles Town, Sept.* 10. A Ship of 350 Tons, bound from Gibraltar to this Port, mounting 12 Carriage Guns on her Quarter-Deck, beſides thoſe on her Main Deck, and 8 Swivels on her Fore-caſtle, with about 60 Men, was loſt on the Rocks off Bermudas the 12th of Auguſt laſt; the Crew is ſecured on Suſpicion of murdering the Captain, whoſe Name they will not tell.

On Wedneſday arriv'd here a Flag of Truce from St. Auguſtine, with ſeventeen Engliſh Priſoners, among them is Captain John French, of the Warren Galley of this Place, bound to Briſtol, who was taken the 30th of July laſt, in Lat. 35. 50. by a Spaniſh Privateer call'd the Golden Shoe.

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### IRELAND.

*Bantry, Oct.* 22. A Liverpool Ship laden with Rum, Sugar, and Cotton, was lately put into a Place the North Side of this Bay, call'd Roaring Water, all unmaſted, and the Crew, except two or three, all loſt.

Some few Days ſince a Privateer attack'd a New-England Man off this Bay, and after an Engagement of ſome Hours took her and many Paſſengers; there are about twenty-two of her Seamen who were put on ſhore come to this Town.

*Naas, Nov.* 3. We have an Account this Morning that ſeventeen Perſons are out in Arms in the Verge of this County, of which it is believ'd ſome of thoſe Men that eſcap'd from London are a Part. They had the Civility to write a Letter to a Gentleman, wherein they requir'd him, as he regarded his Safety, to ſend a ſtout Horſe, Saddle and Bridle, at ſuch a Time as they appointed, and to have it left near New Abby, by Kilcullen, for them, with a Purſe of fifty Guineas.

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## LONDON.

It is certain, that their High Mightineſſes have not only refuſed an Augmentation of 12,000 Men, and ſettled the neceſſary Funds for their Maintainance, but have likewiſe taken proper Meaſures for the having of them immediately in their Service; ſo that they may employ them where-ever the Efforts of the Common Enemy may make it requiſite.

A Proclamation is iſſued, offering a Reward of 100 l. to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apprehend and convict any Perſon, who, ſince the 1ſt of October laſt paſt, or before the 1ſt Day of May next, ſhall commit any Murder or Robbery, or aſſault with any offenſive Weapon, any Perſon, with an Intent to rob him, in any of the Streets of the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, over and above the 40 l. and all other Rewards given by an Act of Parliament made in the 4th and 5th Years of King William III. for apprehending and convicting of Highwaymen, &c.

A Proclamation is alſo publiſh'd for a general Faſt to be kept on Wedneſday the 9th of January next, both in England and Scotland.

Where are Letters from Boſton in New-England, dated the 4th of October, adviſing, that the Privateers of America that took that part of the Iſland of St. Martin's which belonged to the French, as lately mentioned, having received a freſh Supply of Men, Ammunition, &c. from Providence, are making a Settlement there.

By the ſaid Letters it's ſaid, that they had Advice at that Province, that Anapolis-Royal was again attacked, both by Sea and Land, by the French and Indians; and that when the above Letters came away, they hourly expected to hear that the Enemies were in Poſſeſſion thereof.

We have likewiſe an Account, that a new Privateer of Boſton, with 30 Guns and 180 Men, is taken by two French Men of War, and carried into Cape Breton.

Friday 7-Night a Woman, meanly dreſs'd, ſet herſelf down by the Stocks belonging to St. Andrew's Holbourn, and died inſtantly.

On Saturday a Frenchman, Valet de Chamber to the Hon. ——— Maſham, Eſq; in Cork-Street, eldeſt Son to the Right Hon. the Lord Maſham, was committed to St. James's Roundhouſe for robbing his Maſter of all his Jewels, Plate, &c. and pawning his Cloaths for 50 l. ſome part of the Things were found upon him; and he had found Means to open all the Locks in the Houſe where any thing valuable was depoſited, and intended to have ſet out with the Plunder for his own Country.

The unexpected Length of the Siege of Fribourg, is ſaid to have put an End to the French Deſign, of marching Troops into Weſtphalia; and therefore they will content themſelves with marching 40,000 Men into the Neighbourhood of Duſſeldorp, where Magazines are provided for them.

There is an Account from Vienna, that General Nadaſti, on the 23d of October, N. S. penetrated into the Pruſſian Camp as far as the Royal Tent; and that his Pruſſian Majeſty very narrowly eſcaped being kill'd, or made Priſoner.

The Grampus Sloop of War, who has been miſſing ever ſince the 3d of October, and was thought to be loſt, is taken by the French, and carried into Breſt.

Laſt Thurſday 7-Night Mr John Ewan was choſen Chamberlain, and Mr. Samuel Barker, Under-Chamberlain, of the City of Norwich.

We have an Account from Baddingham in Suffolk, that on Friday, the 2d Inſtant, two Boys were gathering Acorns; and a violent Storm of Thunder, Lightening, and Hail happened, by which one of the Boys was ſtruck dead; which ſo terrified the other that he fell into Fits, and expired in about three Hours.

Monday an Account came, that fourteen French Men of War were arrived in Breſt, with ſeveral Prizes; that one of theſe Men of War, call'd the Elizabeth, was ſo much diſabled, that they had with great Difficulty towed her into Harbour; and that the Mons, and another French Ship of War, was left in Chaſe of an Engliſh Man of War.

They write from Cork of the 30th of October, that the Night before arrived in that Harbour the Terrible Privateer of Liverpool, Capt. Cole Commander, who brought in with her the L'Aimable Martha, late Capt. Injuin, being a Ship of between 4 and 500 Tons, from St. Domingo, bound to Bourdeaux, who defended herſelf againſt the Terrible near four Hours, in which Action the French Captain was killed, and ſeveral Men, before ſhe ſurrendered. Her Cargo conſiſts of 411 Hogſheads of fine Sugar, forty Caſks of Coffee, and eleven Puncheons of Indigo. It is added, that they have found on board 4000 Dollars, and that this Prize was ſaid to be worth upwards of 20000 l. Sterling.

Monday Morning died at her Lodgings in St. James's Palace, the Right Hon. the Counteſs Dowager of Deloraine, Governeſs to the young Princeſſes, and Lady of William Wyndham, Eſq; Deputy-Governor to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland.

By her Ladyſhip's Death a conſiderable Penſion reverts to the Crown, and her Jointure, which was very conſiderable, to the Right Hon. the Earl of Deloraine, a Minor.

We hear that the Crew of the Colcheſter Man of War, lately caſt away, are order'd a Year's Wages, and Liberty to be aſhore for two Months.

They write from Bruges, that Capt. James Lockhart, of Col. Cholmondeley's Regiment, is appointed Major of the ſaid Regiment.

On Sunday Night laſt General Williamſon, on good Information, ſent out a Detachment of Soldiers, who not far from Bromley in Kent, ſeized near 10 C. Weight of Tea, two Smugglers, and five of their Horſes, which were delivered ſafe at the Cuſtom-Houſe. This is the third conſiderable Seizure the Garriſon of the Tower has made within a Month paſt.

An Order is ſent from the Admiralty to Cheſter, for the immediate building a Man of War of twenty Guns in that Water, being the firſt that ever was built there.

They write from Jamaica, that four Men of War ſtationed at that Iſland, have taken thirteen Veſſels on the French Side of Hiſpaniola.

Tueſday Patrick Burk and George Ellis, two of the Perſons taken up for killing a vaſt Number of Sheep in the Fields for the Sake of their Fat, were re-examin'd by Sir Thomas De Veil, and ſuch a Scene of Villainy and Cruelty perhaps never appear'd before; it was prov'd, that near 200 Sheep in different Parts have been kill'd by theſe Fellows and their Accomplices, that moſt of them were ripp'd up alive, with their Entrails dragging after them and their Lambs dropping from their Bellies, and that the Loſs to the Sufferers has been extremely great; that they have ſold all the Fat at an under Price, juſt as it was taken out from the poor

Creatures; and that they were so well acquainted with the Buyer, that they did not take the Trouble to take the Kidneys out of the Fat, he having dealt with them all along for this iniquitous Commodity, well knowing how they came by it. Proper Measures are taken to bring that iniquitous Partaker of their Villainy to condign Punishment. Several of the Prosecutors and Sufferers appear'd upon this Occation, and nothing will be neglected to take the rest of the Offenders, against whom Warrants are issued.

By Letters from Jamaica of the 20th of August we have Advice, that the St. Alban's Man of War, Capt. Knight, had taken a large French Ship of 24 Guns and 110 Men, who was trading on the Spanish Coast, and sent her into Jamaica: She is a very rich Prize, being laden with fine Goods, besides which she had upwards of 50000 Dollars in Specie on board.

The above Capt Knight in the St. Alban's, assisted by another Man of War, have been at Porto Bello to demand an English Ship that was seiz'd trading there, which the Governor refusing to deliver up, they immediately drove the Governor, with his Garrison, out of the Town, beat down his House, and all the Publick Buildings therein.

The Hawk, Capt. Waterhouse, a Privateer of Boston, has taken three French Prizes; one was bound from Bourdeaux for Canada, with Wine, Brandy, Iron, dry Goods, and other Effects, whose Value will amount to upwards of 100000 l.

They write from Providence, that Capt. Thompson, in the Industry Privateer, was return'd to that Island from a Cruize, and had brought in with him a French Shallop, laden with Sugar, &c.

Tuesday died at Worton, near Twickenham, Richard Sedgewick, Esq; Clerk of the Kitchen to his Majesty.

We hear he will be succeeded as Clerk of the Kitchen by Mr. Carey, a Chief Clerk in that Office.

The following Members of the House of Commons have died since the Setting of the Parliament, and those named after each are Candidates for the vacant Shires and Boroughs.

Sir John St. Aubin, Bart. for Cornwal County, dead. Candidate, Sir John Molesworth, Bart.

William Thompson, Esq; for Scarborough, dead. Candidates, Edwin Lascelles, Thomas Matternan, and Savage Moyston, Esqrs.

Lord Viscount Deerhurst for Bidport, dead. Candidate, Lord Viscount Deerhurst, his Brother.

Sir Thomas Hoby, Bart. for Great Marlow, dead. Candidate, Col. Cunningham.

John Bond, Esq; for Corse-Castle, dead. Candidate, Erle Drax, Esq;

Sir Brian Broughton Delves, Bart. dead. Candidate, ——— Stanley, Esq;

Thomas Gibson, Esq; for Yarmouth, Hants, dead. Candidate, Lieutenant-General Bowles.

Earl of Montrath for Heydon, dead. Candidate, Commodore Anson.

The Marquis of Carnarvon, a Peer, now Duke of Chandos, who was Member of Parliament for Bishops-Castle. Candidate, the Hon. William Leveson Gower, Esq;

Hercules Baker, Esq; for Hythe, dead.

And the Hon. John Spencer, Esq; is to be rechose for Woodstock.

Peers to take Place are his Grace the Duke of Chandos, and the Right Hon. the Earl of Stair, elected one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, in the room of the Earl of Lauderdale, deceas'd.

The latter End of last Week his Majesty's Grant of 500 l. per Annum, during Life, to Lady Balchen, pass'd the Great Seal.

The late brave and worthy Sir John Balchen, a little before he left the Mediterranean, was told by an Officer, as a Piece of good News, that M. Torres was expected on that Coast; to which the gallant old Man answered, very briskly; *Believe me, Tom, I had rather fight Six French Men of War, than carry Six of the richest Galleons to Britain.*

Last Saturday Daniel Doe, Robert Pinker, Christopher Jackson, John Smith, Thomas Cheworth, David Shadow, and James Ruggles, were brought from the Gatehouse to Newgate under a strong Guard. They are the Soldiers who were accus'd by Rowland Brown, one of their Accomplices, of having committed many Robberies in St. James's Parish, particularly stealing a Gold Repeating Watch from Thomas Meighan, Esq; and a Watch and Money from Mr. John Browne, near Buckingham-Gate.

On Saturday Evening as a Gentleman was cheapening some Meat in the Fleet-Market, a Fellow pick his Pocket of a Handkerchief, but was detected in the Action, and was just going to undergo the Discipline of the Horsepond, when he told the People, if they would not use him ill, he would turn Evidence, and impeach seven or eight of his Accomplices, whereupon he was carried before Justice Poulson, who took his Evidence, and committed him to Bridewell.

On Monday last Mr. Edward Rusworth, Proctor of Doctors-Commons, Deputy Register of the High Court of Delegates, was appointed Deputy Register of the Vicar-General Office, a Place of great Trust and Profit; in the room of Mr. Robert Rous, deceas'd.

On Tuesday came Advice to the Custom-House, that on Thursday 7-Night upwards of 100 Smugglers enter'd the Town of Baxhill in Sussex, arm'd with Blunderbusses, Cutlasses, Pistols, &c. and after securing about 20 Soldiers, that were quarter'd in the Town, they went to the House of Mr. Bayley, a Surgeon and Apothecary there, who is likewise a Riding Officer of the Customs, with an Intent to have murder'd him; but he being at that Time from Home they broke and destroy'd all his Furniture, cut to Pieces all the Linnen and Woollen, leaving neither him nor his Family (which consists of a Wife and six Children) any thing but what they had on their Backs, broke and destroy'd all the Goods and Utensils of his Shop; and then march'd off in Triumph, carrying with them a great Quantity of Tea.

Thursday a Gentleman, said to be an Officer in the Horse-Guards, was committed to New-Prison by Sir Thomas De Veil, for stabbing Mr. William Harvey, Son to Justice Harvey, of Islington, twelve Inches deep in the Body, so that his Life is in great Danger, as Mr. Burman, the Surgeon, has made Oath,

We learn from the Hague, that they entertain some Hopes there, of seeing a Peace concluded in the Winter, under the Mediation, as it is said, of the Czarina, and the Kings of Denmark and Portugal.

Thursday came on the Choice for a Receiver of the Rents belonging to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, in the room of Mr. John Lloyd, deceas'd. The Candidates were Mr. Nicholl, a Mercer in Cheapside; Mr. Hewett, lately a Mercer on Ludgate-Hill; and Mr. Long, a Governor of the said House; when the former was chosen by a great Majority.

The East-India Company have adjourn'd their Sale of Raw Silk to the 21st Instant.

The Rev. Mr. Howard, Chaplain to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, has lately received a Diploma from the University of St. Andrew's, in Aberdeen, of his Doctor's Degree.

*Extract of a private Letter from* Cork, *dated* Oct. 30.

There are three Privateers in this Port, viz. The Old Noll, the Sat-out, and Terrible; the former mounts 26 Guns, and was lately taken by a French Privateer, but was ransomed for 1200 l. Her Second Lieutenant was guilty of a very cruel Action Yesterday. There was a poor Man who wanted to see his Son, on board her, and got a-shore a Boat, with a young Man to row him to the Old Noll; the Lieutenant seeing the Boat coming near the Ship, desired the Centinel on board to keep her off, or to sink her, but the Centinel told him he could not sink her; upon which the Lieutenant ran for a Pistol, and swore, if he did not sink her he would shoot him thro' the Body; upon which the Centinel fired, and shot the young Lad thro' the Head; after which, the Lieutenant gave up the Centinel to the Law, for obeying his unlawful Commands, but would not surrender himself. On the 20th, at Night, some of the French Prisoners stole to the King's Boat at Kingsale, and carried her away for France: She was a fine built Boat, of about 30 Guns, and mounted 16 Swivels, and had good Store of Ammunition and Provision in her, as she was to go upon a Cruize the next Day.

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*This Day is publish'd,*

(Price Six-pence)

ADM. V——N's Opinion upon the present State of the British Navy, in a Letter to a certain Board. To which is annex'd, by Way of Illustration, his Letter to the Secretary of the same Board.

Printed for W. Bickerton in the Temple Exchange, near the Inner Temple-Gate, Fleetstreet

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*This Day is publish'd,*

(Price One Shilling)

An EPISTLE to CURIO.

*Neque tam ulciscendi causa dixi, quam utet in præsens scelerato sives timore ab impugnanda Patria detinerem & in posterum, documentum statuerem, nequis talem amentiam velit imitari.* Tull.

Printed for R. Dodsley, in Pall-Mall, and sold by M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

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*This Day is publish'd,*

NUMBER VIII. Of the Third Volume of

THE HARLEIAN MISCELLANY: Or, a Collection of Scarce, Curious, and Entertaining Pamphlets and Tracts, as well in Manuscript as in Print, found in the late Earl of Oxford's Library.

CONTAINING,

I. Reasons and Proposals for a Regiltry or Remembrancer of all Deeds and Incumbrances of real Estates to be had in every County.

II. A Treatise concerning Registers, to be made of Estates, Bonds, Bills, &c. with Reasons against such Registers, by the Hon. William Pierrepoint. MS.

III. The British Embassadress's Speech to the French King. In Verse. MS.

IV. A Narrative of the wicked Plots carried on by Seignior Gondamore, the Spanish Ambassador to King James I.

V. A true Relation of Major General Sir Thomas Morgan's Progress in France and Flanders, with 6000 Englishmen only, in 1657 and 1658, at the Taking of Dunkirk, &c. delivered by the said General.

VI An Account of the Original of Writing and Paper.

N. B. The Royal Fishing revived, and England's Way to win Wealth, &c. shall, as requested, be published as soon as possible.

Printed for T. Osborne, in Gray's Inn; and J. Robinson, in Ludgate-street.

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*This Day is publish'd,*

*Price 6 d Plain, or 1 s. Coloured.*

AN exact View of the Electorate, or Face of the Country whereon Hanover stands; with a View of Herenhausen, and the Seats of Manufactures It is a diverting Print, and if held right, appears to be the Satyrical Face of a Man; and altho' it's not the most varied Prospect, every Body must allow it to be the most valuable, because the most costly.

Published by G. Bickham, in May's Buildings, Covent-Garden; and sold by M. Cooper in Pater-noster-Row.

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*Last Saturday was publish'd,*

NUMBER I.

*And this Day is publish'd,*

NUMBER II. *of*

POLITE TALES, for young Gentlemen and Ladies. Extracted from the Writings of the most Celebrated Authors, Antient and Modern. In Prose and Verse.

*By a* LADY.

CONDITIONS.

I. THE Work will be printed on a good Paper and Letter, in Two Vols Octavo.

II. Four Sheets will be published every Saturday, stitch'd in blue Paper, and deliver'd to the Subscribers, for Six-pence.

III. Subscriptions are taken in, and the Numbers delivered, by W. Bickerton, in the Temple-Exchange, Fleetstreet; Jolliffe, in St. James's-street, and Mrs. Cooke, at the Royal Exchange.

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*This Day is publish'd,*

(Price One Shilling)

A Modest APOLOGY for the Ancient and Honourable Family of the WRONGHEADS, in a Letter to the Right Hon. the E. of C——

*Noris nos, inquam, docti sumus.* Hor.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row

---

*This Day is Published,*

*The Whole beautifully engrav'd on Copper Plates,*

Containing greater Variety than all the little Things of this Kind extant:

(Price One Shilling)

THE CHILD's DELIGHT: Or, Little Master and Miss's Instructive and Diverting COMPANION.

Part I. Containing the Alphabet of Easy Syllable, &c.

Part II. Consisting of pretty Songs, Tales, Cuts, and other humorous and innocent Stories, adapted to the Ages or Capacity they are design'd for, with a Key at the Head of each.

The Whole calculated to render the Learning to read, a Diversion rather than a Task.

*By a* LOVER *of* CHILDREN.

Printed for J. Robinson, at the Golden Lion, Ludgate-street, and J. Hodges, at the Looking Glass, over against St. Magnus Church, London-Bridge.

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*The* GRAND SPECIFICK *for cleansing and strengthening the* REINS, &c.

A Medicine that hath gain'd so much Reputation for these many Years it has been published, that may one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Case, has at all hinder'd the just Recommendation this first and only Specifick for these Purposes hath claim'd by its most Noble Effects, for it doth not only cure I confess all Cases, which no other Medicine can, but in very desperate Cases, one Bottle will do more real Good than twelve, that are daily given by some of the common Pretenders, as has been sufficiently testified to me by Persons of Worth and Reputation that they have found the desired Effects, and declared it to Mr. Sandwell.

It may be certainly depended on as absolutely effectual, for carrying off by Urine, safely and speedily, all the Remains of peevish unskilfully prepar'd Mercuries, Gleets or Weaknesses from tedious or ill manag'd Cures of the Venereal Disease, or from self-Pollution, inordinate Custom, &c.

Also any Weakness of the Vessels from Wrenches, Strains, Blows or Falls; and all other obstructions in the Urinary Passages, even Stranguries, Ulcers &c. are perfectly cured by it, be they of ever so long standing: Which Relicts and Attendance are in a little discovered by these following Symptoms, viz. Weakness and Pain in the Back, Sharpness in the Urine, its flowy Smell, Films or Haire as it were floating about in it, and in some too frequent Occasion to make it.

This Noble Specifick is also of singular and very extraordinary Use and Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even small Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obstructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and particularly by a Gentleman whose Case has so often been mentioned in this Advertisement, by a Coroner of his Cure, who on raising but a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an insupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a short Continuance of it.

It also strengthens and recovers, after a particular Manner all Relaxations of the Vessels, confirms the Parts, bringing all into right Order, and thereby perfects the Cure to Admiration: It's a very pleasant Medicine and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation; which is the Reason of its being made publick, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Cases above-mentioned.

Sold for 7 s. 6 d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toyshop at the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Buckleysbury in the Poultry.

---

*The True Cordial* QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the most Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, substantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenness *in Women; and is vastly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives such a generous Warmth, and so exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senses, and Nerves, as soon to shew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it, for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Desire, but also furnishes proper Matter, for the Support and Establishment of a true lasting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it answers the End as well of Food as Physick, nor is there any thing in Nature besides, that can in that Respect come up to it considering that it universally nourishes and restores in all the Declensions of Desire and Vigour, without the least forcing the Vessels, or stimulating the Parts, as most other Medicines for these Purposes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Physick that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, unless fed sufficiently nutritious as to want no Assistance that Way, but it must be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in some Degree, at least as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furnish Matter and create Desire, but add true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Testes) and gives an elastick Springiness to the Muscular Excitores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanses and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankness and Laxity of the former, and the Foulness, Coldness, or Obstruction of the latter, being more the Cause of Impotency or Infertility, in either Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing else besides; and that it is Balsamick, and greatly Restorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Instances in Physical Writings, of Persons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weaknesses, by a continued Use of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quintessence, by being of vastly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Those who but once try it, will so pleasantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is such a present Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Dose or two more of it than ordinary, it will so instantaneously animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the sluggish enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the same Time seldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourse Prolifick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnson, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, Sealed up, with Directions (for any Messenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quintessence.

*To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.*

JOSEPH EMERTON, COLOURMAN,

*At the* BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London, Brother to the late Mr* Alexander Emerton, *and who, in the said* Alexander Emerton's *Life time, chiefly managed his Business,*

SELLS all Sorts of Colours in greater Perfection than the said late Alexander Emerton did, by the Help of a new invented Machine, or Horse-Mill, being an Improvement upon the Plan of his said late Brother's Mill, and far exceeding it. So that Gentlemen, Builders and others may depend upon being supplied with the best, finest, and neatest ground Colours, with which they may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Nicety, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Pattoue Varnish.

He also sells Floor-Cloths of all Sizes, and Patterns at the cheapest Rate

And deals only for READY MONEY.

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*The only Infallible and Speedy CURE for*

The Most confirm'd LEPROSY, either of *the* Moist *or* Dry *Kind,*

*By a pleasant* ELECTUARY, *that has been sold for several Years past by the late Mr.* Parry *in* Boar's-Head-Court, Fleet-street, *with much and happy Benefit to the Public; and is now sold only by Mr* Read, *for* Five Shillings *a Pot, with Directions, at his Great Corner House in* White Friars, Fleet-Street.

FOR all Leprous and other stubborn Breakings-out on the Skin, whether of the whole Body, or in particular Parts only, this is the only sure and easy Method of Cure, being an incomparable pleasant Electuary, which, after all the usual Methods and Medicines, and even Salivations try'd in vain, perfectly eradicates those inveterate Maladies, though of many Years standing, so as never to return again, accomplishing that in a few Days, which no other Means can possibly perform in many Months, and that with the greatest Safety in the World, and without any Confinement, as has been happily experienced by many Hundreds.

Common Itches, and other slight Foulnesses of the Skin, it completely cures, almost in an Instant, without Trouble, and for the worst Scabbiness, and most grievous Leprosy, may certainly be depended upon as absolutely infallible, as the Patients themselves in three Days time will sufficiently find.

N. B. This noble Specifick Electuary may be taken with equal Success in extreme Weather, hot or cold, by following the printed Directions given with this Medicine.

---

*This Day is publish'd,*

*The Sixteenth Edition of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Physical Advice to those who have already injured themselves by this abominable Practice

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage Bed; together with divers Cathustical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reputed to have changed their Sex

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites and Women brought to a Resemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady, of 18, whose well-wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now sold by J. ISTON, Bookseller, (Mr CROUCH, Bookseller, in Pater noster-Row, being dead) at the Golden Ball, between St Dunstan's Church and Chancery Lane, in Fleet-street. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

---

*The so-much Fam'd* HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again tho' they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fire, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders sharp Pains fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill. at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

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*CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts ASTHMA's;*

*And all Disorders of the BREAST and LUNGS,*

*Directly and Infallibly cured*

*By the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,*

WHICH has restor'd so many Thousands labouring under the deepest Consumptions and most deplorable Asthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days time, after all other the most celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once strikes at, and absolutely eradicates the first Principle or Cause of Consumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as also of Asthma's or shortness of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obstructing Viscosities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in Ten.

It assuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a meer Skeleton and immediately cures the most tedious wasting and almost suffocating Cough, Hoarseness, Wheezing, shortness of Breath, difficulty of breathing, pain or weight in the Breast, spitting of Blood, soreness of the Stomach, Throat, or Windpipe; also Catarrhs or Defluctions of sharp Rheum, and all Pulsical and Asthmatick Effects Hectick Fever, Melting Night Sweats and Diarrhœa's or Looseneſſes in a pleasant and most agreeable Manner.

It is balsamick, healing and strengthening beyond Comparison, restores in all inward wastings, weakness, and Decay of Constitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, causes free and easy Respiration or long Breathing, and speedily and infallibly cures Asthma's and all sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever so bad without the least Disorder Trouble or Confinement; and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be surely depended upon for the intire Cure of those Maladies.

Nor can the whole Materia Medica, afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this most noble *Chymical Elixir* has so justly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of *CONSUMPTIONS* and *ASTHMA'S*, &c. has occasion'd many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right which is to be had only at Mr. *RADFORD's* Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions and at no other Place in *England*.

---

*Dr.* R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, *or never-failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

FOR the true Cure of fresh Veneral Injuries, (and all the lurking Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obstinate soever they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progress, and entirely, and, as it were, instantly, ferrets out, and carries off all the filthy poisonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, and by Degrees cleanses off the Running, and heals and strengthens the Parts, sensibly and firmly, without the too common Consequences of leaving either Foulness, Gleeting, or Weakness behind. This it does in a Way so regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, and with a Dose, each Time, so small and pleasant (the Quantity but of a Nutmeg) that the nicest Persons are as well surprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Constitution, hinders no Business, nor gives the least Suspicion to the nearest Relation.

In a very small Space of Time (living temperately) it rids away a mild CLAP, and those more severe, according to their several Degrees of Malignity.

There never was, nor can be in the whole Art of Physick contrived, any Medicine or Method capable of performing the Cure more certainly, more safely, or more speedily, for it is so compleatly adapted to every Circumstance of the Infection, and so fully answers the several Intentions of curing, that it is impossible it should once fail.

But no more need to be said of it, for it will recommend it self, insomuch that no Person will ever after seek for Cure himself, or advise his Friend to any other Remedy.

Price 5 s. the Tin-Pot. Prepar'd only by the Doctor, as aforesaid and sett (sealed up with Directions) at Mr. Ifted's, a Bookseller, at the Golden Ball between St. Dunstan's Church and Chancery Lane End, Fleet-street, where it may be had by any Messenger, asking only for a 5 s. Pot of the COMPOUND.

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*For the* EYES,

*The so much fam'd* CHYMICAL LIQUOR.

WHICH at once infallibly cures all Inflammation, Bloodshot-Sorenesses, and Weakness of the EYES, Defluxions of sharp Humours Dimness of Sight, Specks, Films, or beginning Cataracts and that after all other Means have failed, and without causing the least Trouble or Uneasiness in using.

It directly heals and cures all Manner of Sorenesses of the Eyes in Children or grown Persons, tho' of many Years standing, be it either of the dry, itching and smarting Kind, or moist Rheumy or Watering, and whether proceeding from the Evil, or any other Distemper.

It effectually takes away all Specks, Films, or incipient Cataracts to Admiration, as also all Flies, or Gnats, that seem to swim before the Sight; it wonderfully strengthens the Optick Nerves, comforts the Eyes; immediately removes all Dazzling and Dimness, clearing the Sight, and infallibly preserving it strong and good to exceeding old Age.

Hundreds who were so very dim-sighted for some Years, as scarcely able to distinguish any thing, and imagin'd their Age to be the Occasion, have been perfectly and almost instantly cured by it, to 25 to read the smallest Print without Spectacles; and for Opthalmick or Sore, Bloodshot, or Rheumy Eyes, no Medicine upon Earth can come near it, Thousands of Men, Women, and Children, have been cured by it of the very worst sort almost upon the Spot, and Blindness been prevented in Abundance, who had tried all other Remedies in vain, insomuch that it may be almost accounted a miraculous Remedy.

No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Hay-Yard in the Minories London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with printed Directions.

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*For dissolving and bringing away the* STONE, *Whether in the* KIDNEYS, URETERS, *or* BLADDER; *and for instantly curing the* STRANGURY, *and all Heat, Pain, Stoppage, or Difficulty in making Water.*

*The true Specifick* CHYMICAL LIQUOR, *far exceeding Mrs.* Stephens's *nauseous Medicines, is recommended.*

THE very first Dose of it gives perfect Ease in a Moment, even in the most racking Fit of either Stone or Gravel, and at once entirely frees the Patient from the Strangury, and all Heat, Pain, and Stoppage of Urine; it dilates the Ureters, makes them slippery, that the Crumblings of large Stones, together with Sand and Gravel, may pass from the Reins, and be voided visibly with Urine, without Pain; effectually cleanses the Kidneys, Bladder and all the Urinary Passages, from gritty calculous Matter; heals all internal Excoriations or Sorenesses of the Parts, directly takes off all Pain in the Back, and those Pains, so much like the Cholick, and may be depended upon to dissolve all large Stones, possible to be dissolv'd, so as infallibly to cure that most miserable Distemper.

It gives such sudden and unspeakable Relief that whoever takes but one Dose of it, will be thoroughly convinced of its surprizing Efficacy, which many hundreds have happily experienced, to their infinite Satisfaction.

It's such an agreeable Diuretick and powerful Dissolvent, that it infallibly prevents the Stone in those who are troubled with the Gravel only; and for the perfect Cure of either Stone or Gravel, and all Disorders of the Kidnies, Ureters, or Bladder, occasioned thereby, is the only true Specifick Remedy that can be surely relyed upon, as it gives instant Ease as soon as taken (even when nothing else will) and infallibly accomplishes a perfect Cure without the least Trouble, being pleasant to the Palate, agreeable to the Stomach, and comforting to the whole Body.

It is to be had only of the Gentlewoman at the Sign of the Crown over-against the Church in Coleman street near Cheapside, London, at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

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For Children's TEETH, *Fits, Fevers, &c.*

INFANTS on the very Brink of the Grave, and thought past all Recovery with their TEETH, *Fits, Fevers,* &c. from their *Teeth*,

And who Cannot tell their Ailments, but by their Crying and Moans.

Have almost miraculously Recovered, after having Wore but ONE NIGHT's TIME, the Famous *Medicinal* ANODYNE NECKLACE.

So that a Mother would Never Forgive Herself, whose Child should DIE, for Want of so very EASY a *Remedy*.

To See an Infant almost Dying with its *Teeth*, so Soon to be Well, after only Wearing this *Teeth Cutting Necklace*, must gain it Esteem. And is What now for so Many Years, has made it so much *Liked*, that Parents have Valued it, At *Above its Weight in* GOLD.

And would not but have HAD it, for any Thing. Attributing the Saves of their Children Entirely to their Having Wore this Rare *Anodyne* TEETH CUTTING *Necklace*.

Having Done so Admirably Well After having only *Wore* it Whereas they were almost at Death's Door, before they had it.——And this 'tis, that has given these *Necklaces* so great a Reputation in the *World*, that they are Sent for, from all the Courts of *Europe*, for the Children of the Royal Families, and Nobility, They not being thought SAFE without it.

Her Late *Majesty* QUEEN *Carolina*, Frequently Sent for them.

And, In *Whitson* Week, 1742, Her ROYAL Highness the *Princess* of ORANGE, Ordered TWO of these *Anodyne Necklaces*, to be Sent Over to Her.

Price 5 s with Directions. Up One Pair of Stairs. At the Sign of this *Necklace*, without *Temple Bar*. And at Mr *Bradshaw's*, the Golden Key, Behind the *Royal-Exchange*——Where is GIVEN GRATIS,

The *Practical Scheme* of the Only Short, and Easy Cure of the *Venereal Distemper*, and a GLEET, Without Loads of Physick, or Telling your Case to Any One.

By *Privately* SOAKING a Few Minutes, the *Urinary Part* only, in a Little of a Peculiar Drawing, and *Cleansing Liquor*, in a Small Tea Cup, to SOAK, and *Draw* Out of it, the *Venereal Infection*, and the Foulness of a GLEET——*Once* only thus *Soaking*, Frees from all *Suspicion* of an Injury Received.——Price 4 s. 6 d. the Bottle, With Directions, At the Places Above.

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